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## TONOPAH DAILY BONANZA

Published every evening, Sunday excepted, by the Tonopah Bonanza Printing Co., Incorporated.

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MEMBER NEVADA PRESS ASS'N

### W. W. BOOTH, EDITOR AND MANAGER

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### EFFECTS OF PEACE

THE first effects of peace will be to bring about a restoration of the balance of trade throughout the world. In the matter of cereals the result will be to open an outlet for the delivery of two years' accumulation of grain from the interior of Russia which has not been able to move for several seasons. One of these is that the deficient railroad system of Russia has been occupied almost exclusively in transporting munitions and troops to the neglect of all other business. Then again there has been no means of delivering this grain to Europe. The available tonnage has been commandeered for the war and the closing of the Dardanelles shuts off shipments from Odessa, the great grain entrepot of the nation.

The report from Berlin this morning bears the mark of authority, and with the assembling of the reichstag today, it is assumed that the overture will not be lost on the hostile powers. The declaration of an armistice now resolves itself into a matter of a few days, relatively speaking. After that the dislocation of commerce will be taken up and resumption of traffic on both sea and land will be restored quickly to a normal basis. The "war babies" of the industrial world will first feel the brunt of the blow and after that the food supply will be affected. No decline in the price of meats can be expected, owing to the fact that the belligerents will be in the market for the purchase of beef on the hoof for the regeneration of the live stock industry and the restoration of farming interests. This is on the assumption that the central powers have consumed most of the domestic beef supply and will have to re-stock their farms.

Copper is sold out for one year ahead and there is no disaster awaiting the producers, since the industrial rehabilitation of Europe will call for the use of even greater quantities of copper than were absorbed during the war. Motor stocks are likely to be the chief victims of the stock markets after the munition makers and then the country will wait to see what congress will do to prevent the flood of exports that have been gathering in Austria, Germany and France.

### PITY THE POOR POLITICIANS

THE high cost of living is employed as subterfuge for throwing away public moneys. The latest suggestion comes from the American Federation of Labor, an organization actuated by a perfectly unselfish spirit in tapping the money chests of the nation. After sifting down the lamentations of every class of labor, whether organized or unorganized, these patriots concluded they had been too slow in compensating those on whom they rely for advancement of their plans under the generous dispensation granted by President Wilson when he insisted on the passage of the Adamson law, which he knew to be unconstitutional. These disinterested individuals are now proposing to raise the salaries of every one connected with the bureau in Washington on the general theory that they have not profited from the advance in other lines of labor. It is not asserted that the clerks and government dependents are in many instances nothing more than pensioners who have been foisted on the government through political influence to pay political debts. The pernicious system has met with the open condemnation of the Democratic administration, which last year reported in favor of lengthening the hours of employment one hour a day and reducing the number of employees by about 20 per cent. This committee stated that the work of the department employees would not be tolerated or accepted in any establishment operated on a commercial basis and that it was only fair that the government should receive some adequate return from the thousands of men and women in its employment. The report bristled with facts to show the enormous saving resulting from adoption of the recommendations, but the pull of the politician was too virile to endure the thought of turning out hundreds of people who had been taught that the government was an eleemosynary institution rather than a business branch of the administration. The pork barrel flavor was too appealing and the matter was dropped. Now comes the same administration with a suggestion that every employee of the government, be he good, bad or indifferent, receive an advance arranged on a sliding scale that would take about five million dollars out of the public treasury without adding an iota to the returns of the overburdened taxpayers. The small priced clerks are recommended for an increase of 25 per cent, while the high priced men, reaching even to the presidency, should have ten per cent added to their incomes.

The entire tone of the report smacks of highway robbery. In substance it says the money is here and it is the duty of every lawmaker to spend it. Not a suggestion of thrift or economy, not a hint of retrenchment or thought of cutting down the billion and a half dollars necessary to carry this government through the fiscal year. No, nothing but a reign of loot and indications of moral turpitude that do not fit well on the party that made its campaign on the allegation that it was saving the people from Republican extravagance and misrule. It seems incredible that such a measure can find lodgment in the minds of earnest lawmakers, but the atmosphere of Washington is not a whit conducive to parsimony or stinginess. Men who at home squeeze a nickel until the eagle screams with pain draw their mileage to Washington and there sit down to riot in the pleasure of spending the people's money in

building up a powerful machine that cannot be overthrown in another generation. The Democrats are fortifying themselves against a revulsion of popular sentiment by establishing a bureaucracy ramifying to every corner of the nation with the sole thought of perpetuating themselves in power.

### PUBLICITY THAT HURTS

THE first biennial report of the Nevada commissioner of labor leaves a whole lot to the imagination of the reader. In the first place, it is half baked and apologetic to a degree that convinces one at the most casual glance that William E. Wallace, commissioner of labor, is not satisfied with the result of his two years' investigations. For instance, the report in every instance almost states that less than one-half of the employers of labor paid any attention to his request for information about their business, but, nevertheless, the commissioner indulges in the thankless task of pretending to make a report reflecting industrial conditions in the state. It would be a waste of labor to attempt a close analysis, for each department bears the same mark of slovenliness or negligence. Under the circumstances, it is not remarkable that the report is the first of the biennial series to be issued from the state printing office. The statistics from Nye county suffice to demonstrate the impotency of the commissioner to do justice to his subject. For instance, he declares the total number of men employed in the mines and mills of Nye county is 1199, when it is a well known fact that the total is far greater in Tonopah, without allowing anything for Manhattan, Belmont, Round Mountain or Lone, camps that rank with the most prosperous in the state and employing at least 200 more men. If any check on the number of working miners in Tonopah is required, reference is made to the recent referendum on the proposed strike and the books of the Tonopah Mine Operators' association, which do not include all the working miners of this district. The best that can be said is that the report is a start in the right direction and the hope is expressed that when another two years shall have rolled around whoever occupies this position of collecting labor statistics should do so with a more serious understanding of the responsibility of his office, so that he will follow up his circulars of inquiry with personal investigation. In this way the outside investor would find the pamphlet helpful in arriving at a true analysis of labor conditions in Nevada.

The movie picture business, with its investment of \$600,000,000 capital, is rapidly attaining such a top-heavy weight that it is likely to topple over and come crashing to the ground. The movies are all right enough in their way, but city people are becoming satiated with the sameness and the constant reiteration of topics which all bear the same relation with a change of names. In the cities the outlook is not the most solacing. Competition has impaired profits and the tendency is to revert to the old fashioned vaudeville as an instrument for holding popular interest during the long sessions. Tonopah is favored with nothing but the best, for which the public is thankful; the larger communities are stifled with the cheapest trash that can be bought in shape of a picture, with neither point or moral to stimulate the brain or promote study.

President Wilson is there with the old machine engaged in repaying election bets, but he will find a few sober-minded citizens who will applaud the restoration to citizenship of a man who was debarred from testifying in court through having forfeited all rights of citizenship by conviction in a court of justice. The act is tainted with the desire to get even with the hyphenates who made Wilson's campaign so interesting in the eastern states that he could not even carry his home state.

King Constantine of Greece must be an obstinate, hard-headed cuss, when he cannot see that the entente allies are his best friends who are willing that he should share the same fate as Serbia, Montenegro, Belgium and Rumania. This is another illustration of the truism that England is willing to fight until the last Frenchman is killed.

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Application No. 2925

### Notice of Application for Permission to Appropriation of the Public Waters of the State of Nevada

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of April, 1916, in accordance with Section 52, Chapter 140, of the Statutes of 1915, one Leo Lacey, of Eureka, County of Eureka, and State of Nevada, made application to the State Engineer of Nevada for permission to appropriate the public waters of the State of Nevada. Such appropriation is to be made from Copenhagen Creek, at a point on unsurveyed land, approximately in the SE 1/4 of SW 1/4 of Sec. 36, T. 15 N., R. 49 E., M. D. B. & M., by means of ditches, and 1/2 of one cubic foot per second is to be conveyed to the SW 1/4 of Sec. 36, T. 15 N., R. 49 E., M. D. B. & M., unsurveyed land, by means of ditches, and there used for irrigation and domestic purposes from April until October first of each year. Water not to be returned to stream.

(Signed) W. M. KEARNEY, State Engineer.

Date of first publication, Nov. 25, 1916. Date of last publication, Dec. 26, 1916.

Application No. 4139

### Notice of Application for Permission to Appropriation of the Public Waters of the State of Nevada

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of September, 1916, in accordance with Section 52, Chapter 140, of the Statutes of 1915, one Ben Chambers, of Rhyolite, County of Nye, and State of Nevada, made application to the State Engineer of Nevada for permission to appropriate the public waters of the State of Nevada. Such appropriation is to be made from Grants Well Spring at a point from 365 feet to 1065 feet from permanent Rock 25 feet high NE 1/4 of Sec. 12, S. 16 E., M. D. B. & M., unsurveyed, by means of ditches, and 1/2 of one cubic foot per second is to be conveyed to troughs and garden located 350 feet from West Main Rock, approximately in T. 12 S., R. 46 E., M. D. B. & M., unsurveyed, by means of ditches, and there used for irrigation, stock watering and domestic purposes, from June until October of each year. Water not to be returned to stream.

(Signed) W. M. KEARNEY, State Engineer.

Date of first publication, Dec. 5, 1916. Date of last publication, Jan. 2, 1917.

### ASSESSMENT NOTICE

#### TONOPAH GIPSY QUEEN MINING COMPANY

Location and principal place of business, and location of works, Tonopah, Nye county, Nevada.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the board of directors, held on the 23rd day of November, 1916, an assessment (\$5.00) of one and one-half (1 1/2) cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the secretary, at the office of the company, room 265, Sanson building, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall not be paid on or before the 27th day of December, 1916, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, 1917, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the board of directors, CHARLES D. OLNEY, Secretary.

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